

bsm-51229M**[Primary Antibody]****BCL2L1/Bcl-xL Mouse mAb**

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— DATASHEET —

Host: Mouse	Isotype: IgG1	Applications: WB (1:500-2000) ELISA (1:5000-10000)
Clonality: Monoclonal	CloneNo.: 4G10	
GeneID: 598	SWISS: Q07817	
Target: BCL2L1/Bcl-xL		
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat)
Background: bs-1336P is one synthetic peptide derived from human Bcl-xL. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL-2 protein family. BCL-2 family members form hetero- or homodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. The proteins encoded by this gene are located at the outer mitochondrial membrane, and have been shown to regulate outer mitochondrial membrane channel (VDAC) opening. VDAC regulates mitochondrial membrane potential, and thus controls the production of reactive oxygen species and release of cytochrome C by mitochondria, both of which are the potent inducers of cell apoptosis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants, which encode distinct isoforms, have been reported. The longer isoform acts as an apoptotic inhibitor and the shorter form acts as an apoptotic activator. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].		Predicted MW.: 26 kDa
		Subcellular Location: Cell membrane ,Cytoplasm ,Nucleus

— SELECTED CITATIONS —

- **[IF=7.129]** Furui Han. et al. In vivo and in vitro study on hepatotoxicity of Tris-(2, 3-dibromopropyl) isocyanurate exposure via mitochondrial and death receptor pathway. ECOTOX ENVIRON SAFE. 2022 Nov;246:114186 WB ;Rat, Human. 36244175