

**bsm-10879M****[ Primary Antibody ]****NT-proBNP/NPPB Mouse mAb****BioSS**  
**ANTIBODIES**

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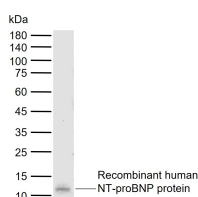
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**— DATASHEET —**

<b>Host:</b> Mouse	<b>Isotype:</b> IgG	<b>Applications:</b> WB (1:500-2000)  <b>Reactivity:</b> Human  <b>Predicted MW.:</b> 8.5/15 kDa  <b>Subcellular Location:</b> Secreted
<b>Clonality:</b> Monoclonal	<b>CloneNo.:</b> 11E6	
<b>GeneID:</b> 4879	<b>SWISS:</b> P16860	
<b>Target:</b> NT-proBNP/NPPB		
<b>Immunogen:</b> Recombinant human NT-proBNP protein: 27-102/134.		
<b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A		
<b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml		
<b>Storage:</b> Size : 50ul/100ul/200ul 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Size : 200ug (PBS only) 0.01M PBS Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
<b>Background:</b> Brain natriuretic peptide (BNP), also known as B-type natriuretic peptide, is a hormone secreted by cardiomyocytes in the heart ventricles in response to stretching caused by increased ventricular blood volume. The 32-amino acid polypeptide BNP is secreted attached to a 76-amino acid N-terminal fragment in the prohormone called NT-proBNP (BNPT), which is biologically inactive. Once released, BNP binds to and activates the atrial natriuretic factor receptor NPRA, and to a lesser extent NPRB, in a fashion similar to atrial natriuretic peptide (ANP) but with 10-fold lower affinity. The biological half-life of BNP, however, is twice as long as that of ANP, and that of NT-proBNP is even longer, making these peptides better targets than ANP for diagnostic blood testing.		

**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Sample: Lane 1: Recombinant human NT-proBNP protein Primary: Anti-NT-proBNP/NPPB (bsm-10879M) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Mouse IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 8.5 kDa Observed band size: 11 kDa