### bsm-33282M

- DATASHEET -

## [ Primary Antibody ]

Isotype: IgG

CloneNo.: 3H2

SWISS: P31749

# **AKT Mouse mAb**

Host: Mouse

**Clonality:** Monoclonal

GenelD: 207

Target: AKT



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# Applications: WB (1:500-2000)

Reactivity: Human

Predicted MW.: <sup>56 kDa</sup>

Subcellular Cell membrane ,Cytoplasm Location: ,Nucleus

#### Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human AKT: 420-479/479 . Purification: affinity purified by Protein G Concentration: 1mg/ml Storage: Size : 50ul/100ul/200ul 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Size : 200ug (PBS only) 0.01M PBS

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: This gene encodes one of the three members of the human AKT serine-threonine protein kinase family which are often referred to as protein kinase B alpha, beta, and gamma. These highly similar AKT proteins all have an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain, a serine/threonine-specific kinase domain and a C-terminal regulatory domain. These proteins are phosphorylated by phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K). AKT/PI3K forms a key component of many signalling pathways that involve the binding of membrane-bound ligands such as receptor tyrosine kinases, Gprotein coupled receptors, and integrin-linked kinase. These AKT proteins therefore regulate a wide variety of cellular functions including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, and angiogenesis in both normal and malignant cells. AKT proteins are recruited to the cell membrane by phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) after phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4,5bisphosphate (PIP2) by PI3K. Subsequent phosphorylation of both threonine residue 308 and serine residue 473 is required for full activation of the AKT1 protein encoded by this gene. Phosphorylation of additional residues also occurs, for example, in response to insulin growth factor-1 and epidermal growth factor. Protein phosphatases act as negative regulators of AKT proteins by dephosphorylating AKT or PIP3. The PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is crucial for tumor cell survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating AKT1 which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. AKT proteins also participate in the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) signalling pathway which controls the assembly of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (eIF4E) complex and this pathway, in addition to responding to extracellular signals from growth factors and cytokines, is disregulated in many cancers. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple types of cancer and excessive tissue growth including Proteus syndrome and Cowden syndrome 6, and breast, colorectal, and ovarian cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2020]

#### - VALIDATION IMAGES -



25 ug total protein per lane of various lysates (see on figure) probed with AKT monoclonal antibody, unconjugated (bsm-33282M) at 1:1000 dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at r.t. for 60 min.

### - SELECTED CITATIONS -

- [IF=6.304] Yunfan Luo. et al. Foxq1 promotes metastasis of nasopharyngeal carcinoma by inducing vasculogenic mimicry via the EGFR signaling pathway. Cell Death Dis. 2021 Apr;12(5):1-16 WB ;Human. 33875643
- [IF=6.023] Ling Xie. et al. Suppression of GOLM1 by EGCG through HGF/HGFR/AKT/GSK-3β/β-catenin/c-Myc signaling pathway inhibits cell migration of MDA-MB-231. Food Chem Toxicol. 2021 Nov;157:112574 WB ;human. 34536514
- [IF=4.4] Siyang Shen. et al. Paeoniflorin protects chicken against APEC-induced acute lung injury by affecting the endocannabinoid system and inhibiting the PI3K/AKT and NF-κB signaling pathways. POULTRY SCI. 2024 May;:103866 WB ;Chicken. 38833957
- [IF=3.9] Zhou Qixiu. et al. Mechanism of action of Taohong Siwu decoction in the alleviation of primary dysmenorrhea. FRONT MED-LAUSANNE. 2024 Apr;11: WB ;Rat. 38751973
- [IF=3.8] Yaxi Zhou. et al. Silkworm pupa protein-derived peptides alleviate LPS-induced inflammatory response in RAW264.7 macrophage cells through the NF-κB/MAPK/PI3K-AKT signaling pathway. Journal of Agriculture and Food Research. 2024 Jun;16:101165 WB ;MOUSe. 10.1016/j.jafr.2024.101165