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CK10/Cytokeratin 10 Recombinant Rabbit mAb

Catalog Number: bsm-52052R

Target Protein: CK10/Cytokeratin 10

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Recombinant

Clone No.: 1D8 Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500)

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Predicted MW: 59 kDa
Entrez Gene: 3858
Swiss Prot: P13645

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

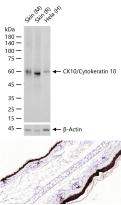
Background: Cytokeratin 10 is a heterotetramer of two type I and two type II keratins. Cytokeratin 10 is

generally associated with keratin 1. It is seen in all suprabasal cell layers including stratum corneum. A number of alleles are known that mainly differ in the Gly-rich region (positions 490-560). Defects in cytokeratin 10 are a cause of epidermolytic hyperkeratosis (EHK), also known as bullous congenital ichthyosiform erythroderma (BCIE) or bullous erythroderma ichthyosiformis congenita of Brocq. EHK is an hereditary skin disorder characterized by blistering and a marked thickening of the stratum corneum. At birth, affected individuals usually present with redness, blisters and superficial erosions due to cytolysis. Within a few weeks, the erythroderma and blister formation diminish and hyperkeratoses develop. Transmission is autosomal dominant, but most cases are sporadic. Defects in cytokeratin 10

are also a cause of annular epidermolytic ichthyosis (AEI), also known as cyclic ichthyosis with epidermolytic hyperkeratosis. AEI resembles clinical and histologic features of both

epidermolytic hyperkeratosis and ichthyosis bullosa of Siemens.

VALIDATION IMAGES



25 ug total protein per lane of various lysates (see on figure) probed with CK10/Cytokeratin 10 monoclonal antibody, unconjugated (bsm-52052R) at 1:2000 dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at r.t. for 60 min.

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Mouse Skin; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; Antibody incubation with CK10/Cytokeratin 10 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bsm-52052R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.



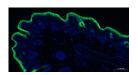
Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Rat Skin; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; Antibody incubation with CK10/Cytokeratin 10 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bsm-52052R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Human Skin; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; Antibody incubation with CK10/Cytokeratin 10 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bsm-52052R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Human Skin Cancer; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; Antibody incubation with CK10/Cytokeratin 10 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bsm-52052R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Rat Skin; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; Antibody incubation with CK10/Cytokeratin 10 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bsm-52052R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C. Followed by conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody (green, bs-0295G-BF488), DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei.