

bs-14071R**[Primary Antibody]****CRYBA2 Rabbit pAb****BioSS**
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<p>Host: Rabbit</p> <p>Clonality: Polyclonal</p> <p>GeneID: 1412</p> <p>Target: CRYBA2</p> <p>Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CRYBA2: 101-197/197.</p> <p>Purification: affinity purified by Protein A</p> <p>Concentration: 1mg/ml</p> <p>Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.</p> <p>Background: Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific, or enzyme, and ubiquitous. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of the vertebrate eye, which function to maintain the transparency and refractive index of the lens. Since lens central fiber cells lose their nuclei during development, these crystallins are made and then retained throughout life, making them extremely stable proteins. Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families; beta and gamma crystallins are also defined as a superfamily. Alpha and beta families are further divided into acidic and basic groups. Seven protein regions exist in crystallins: four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. Beta-crystallins, the most heterogeneous, differ by the presence of the C-terminal extension (present in the basic group but absent in the acidic group). Beta-crystallins form aggregates of different sizes and are able to form homodimers through self-association or heterodimers with other beta-crystallins. This gene is a beta acidic group member. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding identical proteins have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]</p>	<p>Isotype: IgG</p> <p>SWISS: P53672</p>	<p>Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500) ICC/IF (1:100-500) ELISA (1:5000-10000)</p> <p>Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Dog, Horse)</p> <p>Predicted MW.: 22 kDa</p> <p>Subcellular Location: Nucleus</p>
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