bs-13363R

- DATASHEET -

[Primary Antibody]

Isotype: IgG

SWISS: Q9Y6H8

GJA3 Rabbit pAb

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

GenelD: 2700



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Applications: WB (1:500-2000) ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Sheep, Cow, Chicken, Dog, Horse)

Predicted MW.: 47 kDa

Subcellular Location: Cell membrane

Target: GJA3
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GJA3/Connexin 46: 131-230/435.
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A
Concentration: 1mg/ml
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Background: The connexin family of proteins form hexameric complexes called "connexons" that facilitate movement of low molecular weight proteins between cells via gap junctions. Connexin proteins share a common topology of four transmembrane α-helical domains, two extracellular loops, a cytoplasmic loop and cytoplasmic N- and C- termini. Many of the key functional differences arise from specific amino acid substitutions in the most highly conserved domains, the transmembrane and extracellular regions. Each of the approximately 20 connexin isoforms produces channels with distinct permeabilities and electrical and chemical sensitivities; therefore, one connexin usually cannot fully substitute for another. Consequently, a wide variety of malignant phenotypes associate with decreased connexin expression and gap junction communication, dependent on the particular connexin that is affected. For instance, deletion of the gene encoding connexin 46, normally expressed in the lens, produces severe cataracts.