bs-14584R

[Primary Antibody]

EMILIN2 Rabbit pAb



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– DATASHEET –		400-901-9800
Host: Rabbit	lsotype: lgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500)
GenelD: 84034	SWISS: Q9BXX0	IF (1:100-500)
Target: EMILIN2		ICC/IF (1:100-500)
-		ELISA (1:5000-10000)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human EMILIN2: 251-350/1053.		Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Sheep,
Concentration: 1mg/ml		Cow, Dog, Horse)
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Predicted MW.: ^{112 kDa} Subcellular Location: ^{Cytoplasm}
Background: EMILINS (elastin microfibril interface located proteins) are extracellular matrix glycoproteins that localize to sites with proximity to elastin and microfibrils. They consist of an N-terminal cysteine rich EMI domain and a conserved C-terminal gC1q-like domain. EMILIN-1 is abundant in elastin-rich tissues such as blood vessels, skin, heart and lung. It influences placenta formation and initial organogenesis with a later role in interstitial connective tissue. EMILIN-2 is larger than EMILIN-1 and contains a unique proline-rich domain. It is likely involved in the process of elastogenesis. Multimerin-2 (also known as EMILIN-3 or EndoGlyx-1) is expressed during embryonic development. Multimerin-1 (also known as EMILIN-4) is expressed in platelets and the endothelium of blood vessels and may act as a carrier protein for platelet factor V. EMILIN-5 is encoded by the EMILIN3 gene and is sometimes referred to as EMILIN-3. It contains the N-terminal cysteine rich EMI domain but lacks the C-terminal gC1q-like domain. EMILIN-5 is expressed in human mesenchymal stem cells and plays an important role in skeletal development.		