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ORC1L/ORC1 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-8998R

Target Protein: ORC1L/ORC1

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), ICC/IF (1:100-500), ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted:Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Dog, Horse)

Predicted MW: 97 kDa

Subcellular Nucleus

Locations:

Entrez Gene: 4998 Swiss Prot: Q13415

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ORC1L/ORC1: 701-800/861.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: The initiation of DNA replication is a multi-step process that depends on the formation of

pre-replication complexes, which trigger initiation (1). Among the proteins required for establishing these complexes are the origin recognition complex (ORC) proteins (1). ORC proteins bind specifically to origins of replication where they serve as scaffold for the assembly of additional initiation factors (1). Human ORC subunits 1-6 are expressed in the nucleus of proliferating cells and tissues, such as the testis (2). ORC1 and ORC2 are both expressed at equivalent concentrations throughout the cell cycle; however, only ORC2 remains stably bound to chromatin (3,4). ORC4 and ORC6 are also expressed constantly throughout the cell cycle (5,6). ORC2, ORC3, ORC4 and ORC5 form a core complex upon which ORC6 and ORC1 assemble (7,8). The formation of this core complex suggests that ORC

proteins play a crucial role in the G1-S transition in mammalian cells (8).