
MAEL/CT128 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-18611R

Target Protein: MAEL/CT128

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: ICC/IF (1:50)

Reactivity: Human (predicted:Mouse, Rat, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Dog, Horse)

Predicted MW: 49 kDa

Subcellular: Cytoplasm, Nucleus

Locations:

Entrez Gene: 84944

Swiss Prot: Q96JY0

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MAEL/CT128: 201-300/434.

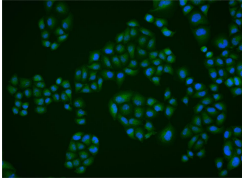
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Mael is a 434 amino acid protein that localizes to both the nucleus and the cytoplasm and contains one HMG box DNA-binding domain. Expressed specifically in testicular tissue, Mael interacts with Ini1, mSin3B and VASA and plays an essential role in spermatogenesis, specifically by repressing and, ultimately, preventing the mobilization of transposable elements (a process that is crucial for germline integrity). Multiple isoforms of Mael exist due to alternative splicing events. The gene encoding Mael maps to human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome. Chromosome 1 houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers, including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

VALIDATION IMAGES



Hela cell; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Triton X-100 at room temperature for 20 min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (MAEL/CT128) polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-18611R) 1:50, 90 minutes at 37°C; followed by a conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody at 37°C for 90 minutes, DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei.