
ABCD3 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-8584R

Target Protein: ABCD3

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500)

Reactivity: Human (predicted:Mouse, Rat)

Predicted MW: 75 kDa

Entrez Gene: 5825

Swiss Prot: P28288

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PXMP1/ABCD3: 51-160/659.

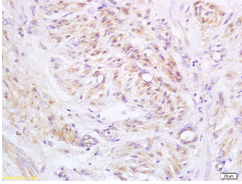
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: The peroxisomal membrane contains several ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters, ABCD1-4 that are known to be present in the human peroxisome membrane. All four proteins are ABC half-transporters, which dimerize to form an active transporter. A mutation in the ABCD1 gene causes X-linked adreno-leukodystrophy (X-ALD), a peroxisomal disorder which affects lipid storage. ABCD2 in mouse is expressed at high levels in the brain and adrenal organs, which are adversely affected in X-ALD. The peroxisomal membrane comprises two quantitatively major proteins, PMP22 and ABCD3. ABCD3 is associated with irregularly shaped vesicles which may be defective peroxisomes or peroxisome precursors. ABCD1 localizes to peroxisomes. ABCB7 is a half-transporter involved in the transport of heme from the mitochondria to the cytosol.

VALIDATION IMAGES



Tissue/cell: human cervical carcinoma; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-PXMP1/ABCD3/PMP70 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-8584R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=4.7] Xue Chen. et al. Hepatocyte-Specific PEX16 Abrogation in Mice Leads to Hepatocyte Proliferation, Alteration of Hepatic Lipid Metabolism, and Resistance to High-Fat Diet (HFD)-Induced Hepatic Steatosis and Obesity. BIOMEDICINES. 2024 May;12(5):988 WB,IHC ; Mouse,Human . 38790950