## bs-17767R

## [ Primary Antibody ]

## MRPL1 Rabbit pAb



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– DATASHEET –––––		400-901-9800
Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500)
Clonality: Polyclonal		IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500)
GenelD: 65008	SWISS: Q9BYD6	ICC/IF (1:100-500)
Target: MRPL1		<b>ELISA</b> (1:5000-10000)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MRPL1: 251-325/325.		<b>Reactivity:</b> (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Sheep, Cow)
Purification: affinity purified by	Protein A	
Concentration: 1mg/ml		Predicted
<b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Predicted MW.: <sup>31 kDa</sup> Subcellular Location: <sup>Cytoplasm</sup>
<b>Background:</b> Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein that belongs to the L1 ribosomal protein family. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]		