

bs-13188R**[Primary Antibody]****phospho-FMRP (Ser500) Rabbit pAb****BioSS**
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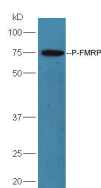
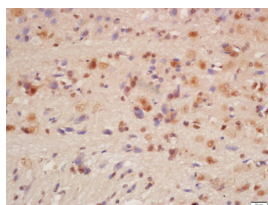
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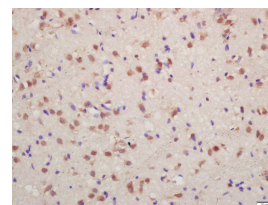
400-901-9800

— DATASHEET —**Host:** Rabbit**Isotype:** IgG**Clonality:** Polyclonal**GeneID:** 2332**SWISS:** Q06787**Target:** phospho-FMRP (Ser500)**Immunogen:** KLH conjugated synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human FMRP around the phosphorylation site of Ser500: NA(p-S)ET.**Purification:** affinity purified by Protein A**Concentration:** 1mg/ml**Storage:** 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Fragile X syndrome is the most frequent form of inherited mental retardation and is the result of transcriptional silencing of the FMR1 gene on the X chromosome. The FMR1 gene contains a distinct CpG dinucleotide repeat located in the 5' untranslated region of the gene. In fragile X syndrome this tandem repeat is substantially amplified and subjected to extensive methylation and enhanced transcriptional silencing. The FMR1 protein (or FMRP) is an RNA-binding protein that associates with polyribosomes and is a likely component of a messenger ribonuclear protein (mRNP) particle. It contains several features that are characteristics of RNA-binding proteins, including two hnRNPK homology (KH) domains and an RGG amino acid motif (RGG box). FMR1 localizes to both the nucleus and the cytoplasm and can also interact with two fragile X syndrome related factors, FXR1 and FXR2, which form heterodimers through their N-terminal coiled-coil domains. Since FMR1 contains both a nuclear localization signal and a nuclear export signal it is also implicated in the nucleocytoplasmic transport of mRNAs.**Applications:** **WB** (1:500-2000)**IHC-P** (1:100-500)**IHC-F** (1:100-500)**IF** (1:100-500)**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat
(predicted: Rabbit, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Zebrafish, Chicken, Dog, GuineaPig, Danio rerio)**Predicted MW.:** 75 kDa**Subcellular Location:** Cytoplasm ,Nucleus**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**Protein: brain(mouse) lysates at 40ug; Primary: Anti-P-FMRP (bs-13188R) at 1:300; Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG(bse-0295G-HRP) at 1: 5000; ECL excited the fluorescence; Predicted band size : 75 kD
Observed band size : 75 kD

Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-phospho-FMRP (Ser500) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-13188R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



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— SELECTED CITATIONS —

Important Note: This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

- **[IF=6.208]** Johnathan M. Borland. et al. Aggression Results in the Phosphorylation of ERK1/2 in the Nucleus Accumbens and the Dephosphorylation of mTOR in the Medial Prefrontal Cortex in Female Syrian Hamsters. INT J MOL SCI. 2023 Jan;24(2):1379 WB ;Hamster. 36674893