bs-13176R

[Primary Antibody]

FKBP11 Rabbit pAb



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- DATASHEET		400-901-9800
Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500)
GenelD: 51303	SWISS: Q9NYL4	IF (1:100-500)
Target: FKBP11		ICC/IF (1:100-500)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated sy 121-201/201.	nthetic peptide derived from human FKB	ELISA (1:5000-10000) 3P11:
Purification: affinity purified by	Protein A	Poperivity (availated livean Mauro
Concentration: 1mg/ml		Rat. Rabbit. Sheep. Cow.
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Predicted MW • 19 kDa
Background: The immunophilins are a highly conserved family of cis-trans peptidyl-prolyl isomerases that bind to and mediate the effects of immunosuppressive drugs, such as cyclosporin, FK506 and rapamycin. Immunophilins have also been implicated in protein folding and trafficking within the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). FKBP11 (FK506-binding protein 11), also known as FKBP19 or peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP11, is a 201 amino acid single-pass membrane protein belonging to the FKBP-type PPlase family, a group of proteins known to catalyze the folding of proline- containing polypeptides. Containing one PPlase FKBP-type domain, FKBP11 is expressed in secretory tissues such as pancreas, pituitary, stomach, lymph node and salivary gland, and is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 12q13.12. FK506 and rapamycin are known to inhibit FKBP11' s peptidyl-prolyl isomerase activity.		s ects of otein R). or acid PPIase proline- ancreas, ncoded 06 and

- SELECTED CITATIONS ------

• [IF=3.828] Thokerunga Erick. et al. FKBP11 upregulation promotes proliferation and migration in hepatocellular

carcinoma. CANCER BIOMARK. 2023 May;Preprint(Preprint):1-12 WB,IHC ;Human. 37248890