bs-0400R

- DATASHEET -

[Primary Antibody]

GAD65 Rabbit pAb



www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

Applications: WB (1:500-2000) Flow-Cyt (lug/Test) ICC/IF (1:100)

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat (predicted: Pig, Cow, Chicken, Dog)

Predicted MW.: 65 kDa

Subcellular Location: Cell membrane ,Cytoplasm

Host: Rabbit Clonality: Polyclonal

SWISS: Q05329

Isotype: IgG

GenelD: 2572 Target: GAD65

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GAD65: 501-585/585.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

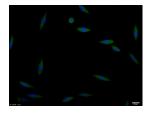
Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

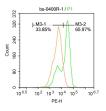
Background: This gene encodes one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major autoantigen in insulindependent diabetes. The enzyme encoded is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from Lglutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantibody and an autoreactive T cell target in insulindependent diabetes. This gene may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]

– VALIDATION IMAGES

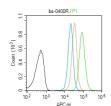
Sample: Lane 1: Mouse Cerebrum tissue lysates Lane 2: Mouse Cerebellum tissue lysates Lane 3: Mouse Hippocampus tissue lysates Lane 4: Rat Cerebrum tissue lysates Lane 5: Rat Cerebellum tissue lysates Lane 6: Rat Hippocampus tissue lysates Lane 7: Human SH-SY5Y cell lysates Lane 8: Human U87MG cell lysates Lane 9: Human HeLa cell lysates Lane 10: Human Jurkat cell lysates Primary: Anti-GAD65 (bs-0400R) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 65 kDa Observed band size: 62 kDa



SHSY5Y cell; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Triton X-100 at room temperature for 20 min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (GAD65) polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0400R) 1:100, 90 minutes at 37°C; followed by a conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody at 37°C for 90 minutes, DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei.



Molt-4 cells were fixed with 4% PFA for 10min at room temperature,permeabilized with 0.1% PBST for 20 min at room temperature, and incubated in 5% BSA blocking buffer for 30 min at room temperature. Cells were then stained with GAD65 Antibody(bs-0400R)at 1:100 dilution in blocking buffer and incubated for 30 min at room temperature, washed twice with 2%BSA in PBS, followed by secondary antibody incubation for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisitions of 20,000 events were performed. Cells stained with primary antibody (green), and isotype control (orange).



Blank control (Black line): Molt4 (Black). Primary

Antibody (green line):Rabbit Anti-GAD65 antibody (bs-0400R) Dilution: 3µg /10^6 cells; Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG . Secondary Antibody (white blue line): Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF647 Dilution: 3µg /test. Protocol The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with PBST for 20 min at room temperature. The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature.

- SELECTED CITATIONS -

• [IF=3.57] Wen et al. Striatal and Tegmental Neurons Code Critical Signals for Temporal-Difference Learning of State Value in Domestic Chicks. (2016) Front.Neurosci. 10:476 IF ;Chicken. 27877100