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# Mouse SOD2 Ready-To-Use IHC Kit

Cat.No: IHC0479M
Applications: IHC-P
Reactivity: Mouse
Size: 50T

Assay type: Immunohistochemistry

Sample type: FFPE tissue

General Information:

Number	Component	Size	Concentration	Storage
1	PBS Buffer (powder)	2L×2	20x	RT
2	Antigen Retrieval Buffer	20 ml	100x	2-8°C
3	Endogenous Peroxidase Blocking Buffer	3 ml	RTU	2-8°C, protect from light
4	Blocking Buffer	3 ml	RTU	2-8°C
5	Primary Antibody (Mouse SOD2 Recombinant Rabbit mAb)	6 ml	RTU	2-8°C
6	Secondary Antibody (Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L, HRP conjugated)	6 ml	RTU	2-8°C
7	Chromogen Component A	0.3 ml	RTU	-20°C,protect from light
8	Chromogen Component B	0.3 ml	RTU	-20°C
9	Counter Staining Reagent	5 ml	RTU	RT
10	Mounting Media	5 ml	RTU	RT
11	Control slide (mouse brain)	1 slide	RTU	RT
12	Datasheet	1 сору		

Storage and Stability:

Please store components at the temperatures indicated on the individual tube labels. The kit is stable for 6 months from the date of receipt.

Immunohistoche mistry Protocol:

# 1. Deparaffinization And Rehydration

Immerse slides in fresh xylene for 15 minutes and then repeat two more times using separate containers. Immerse slides sequentially in 100%, 95%, 90%, 80%, and 70% ethanol solutions for 5 minutes each. Rinse slides 3 times with distilled water for 5 minutes each.

## 2. Antigen Retrieval

Add  $100 \times$  **Antigen Retrieval Buffer** into distilled water to prepare a  $1 \times$  solution. Boil slides in  $1 \times$  solution at 95°C-100°C for 15 minutes. Move the slides to  $1 \times$  solution at room temperature (RT) and allow them to stand for 20 minutes. Rinse 3 times with **PBS Buffer** (dissolve the powder in 2L distilled water) for 5 minutes each.

#### 3. Block Endogenous Peroxidase

Drain the liquid off the slides and then use a hydrophobic IHC pen to draw circles on the slides around tissue sections. Add 2-4 drops of **Endogenous Peroxidase Blocking Buffer** directly on slides, covering the whole tissue and block slides for 15 minutes at RT.

Rinse 3 times with **PBS Buffer** for 5 minutes each.

### 4. Serum Blocking

Block with 2-4 drops of **Blocking Buffer** for 20 minutes at RT.

#### 5. Primary Antibody Incubation

Drain blocking buffer from slides. Incubate slides with 2-4 drops of **Mouse SOD2 Recombinant Rabbit mAb** overnight at 4°C or 1-2 hours at RT. Rinse 3 times with **PBS Buffer** for 5 minutes each.

#### 6. Secondary Antibody Incubation

Incubate slides with 2-4 drops of **Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L, HRP conjugated** for 1-2 hours at RT. Rinse slides 3 times with **PBS Buffer** for 5 minutes each.

#### 7. Signal Development

Remove residual liquid around the tissue section. Add 50ul fresh **DAB Buffer** (**Chromogen Component A : Chromogen Component B : PBS Buffer=1:1:18**) to cover the tissue. Monitor the reaction under the microscope until a brown color is visible (approximate 3-5 minutes at RT). Stop reaction immediately by rinsing with distilled water. Rinse slides 3 times with distilled water for 5 minutes each.

#### 8. Counterstain

Counterstain with an appropriate amount of **Counter Staining Reagent** for 3-5 minutes at RT. Rinse slides with distilled water for 5 minutes. Use 2-4 drops of **Differentiation reagent** to cover the tissue for 30 seconds. Rinse slides twice with distilled water for 5 minutes each.

#### 9. Dehydration Sheet

Immerse slides sequentially in 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, and 100% ethanol for 5 minutes each at RT. Immerse slides in 2 changes of fresh xylene, 15 minutes each. Drop some **Mounting**Media on the tissue. Mount coverslips.

#### Notes:

- 1. The positive control slide provided in the kit allows you to be sure that the experimental set-up is working properly.
- 2. Do not allow slides to dry at any time during this procedure.

- 3. Please don't replace the matching reagents in this product with other manufacturers' products.
- 4. As DAB is a carcinogen, please take necessary precautions.
- 5. PBS (reagent 1) can be stored for one week at 4°C after preparation; The antigen retrieval buffer (1×reagent 2) and the chromogenic agent (the mixture of reagents 7 and 8) should be prepared right before each assay.

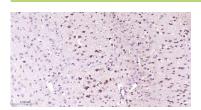
Please cite this product as "IHC0479M, Bioss Antibodies". Citation example: "Mouse

Tissue sections using SOD2 IHC Kit (IHC0479M, Bioss Antibodies) were stained for SOD2 according
to the manufacturer's instructions."

#### Introduction:

Superoxide dismutase (SOD) is an antioxidant enzyme involved in the defense system against reactive oxygen species (ROS). SOD catalyzes the dismutation reaction of superoxide radical anion (O2) to hydrogen peroxide, which is then catalyzed to innocuous O2 and H2O by glutathione peroxidase and catalase. Several classes of SOD have been identified. These include intracellular copper, zinc SOD (Cu, Zn-SOD/SOD-1), mitochondrial manganese SOD (Mn-SOD/SOD-2) and extracellular Cu, Zn-SOD (EC-SOD/SOD-3). SOD1 is found in all eukaryotic species as a homodimeric 32 kDa enzyme containing one each of Cu and Zn ion per subunit. The manganese containing 80 kDa tetrameric enzyme SOD2, is located in the mitochondrial matrix in close proximity to a primary endogenous source of superoxide, the mitochondrial respiratory chain. SOD3 is a heparin-binding multimer of disulfide-linked dimers, primarily expressed in human lungs, vessel walls and airways. SOD4 is a copper chaperone for superoxide dismutase (CCS), which specifically delivers Cu to copper/zinc superoxide dismutase. CCS may activate copper/zinc superoxide dismutase through direct insertion of the Cu cofactor.

# Validation Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin embedded mouse brain tissue slide using IHC0479M (Mouse SOD2 IHC Kit).