

bsm-52244R**[Primary Antibody]**

Histone H3 (mono methyl K18) Recombinant Rabbit mAb

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DATASHEET

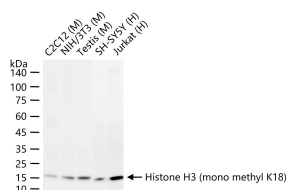
Host: Rabbit**Isotype:** IgG**Clonality:** Recombinant**CloneNo.:** 4A5**GeneID:** 8350**SWISS:** P68431**Target:** Histone H3 (mono methyl K18)**Immunogen:** A synthesized peptide derived from human Histone H3.1 around the methylation site of K19: PR-(Me)K-QL.**Purification:** affinity purified by Protein A**Concentration:** 1mg/ml**Storage:** 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

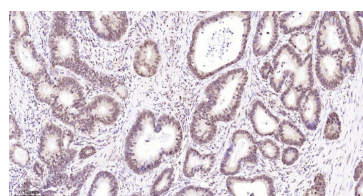
Background: Modulation of the chromatin structure plays an important role in the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of four core histone proteins (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin. The N-terminal tail of core histones undergoes different posttranslational modifications including acetylation, phosphorylation and methylation. These modifications occur in response to cell signal stimuli and have a direct effect on gene expression. In most species, the histone H2B is primarily acetylated at lysines 5, 12, 15 and 20. Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at lysines 9, 14, 18 and 23. Acetylation at lysine 9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms. Phosphorylation at Ser10 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation during both mitosis and meiosis.

Applications: WB (1:500-2000)**IHC-P** (1:100-500)**IHC-F** (1:100-500)**IF** (1:100-500)**Flow-Cyt** (1:50-100)**ICC/IF** (1:50-200)**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat**Predicted MW.:** 17 kDa**Subcellular Location:** Nucleus

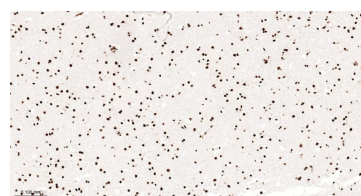
VALIDATION IMAGES



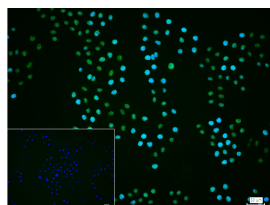
25 ug total protein per lane of various lysates (see on figure) probed with Histone H3 (mono methyl K18) monoclonal antibody, unconjugated (bsm-52244R) at 1:1000 dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at r.t. for 60 min.



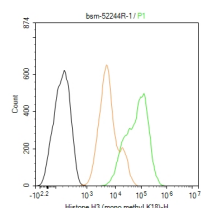
Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Human Colon Cancer; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; The section was incubated with Histone H3 (mono methyl K18) Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bsm-52244R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Human Cerebrum; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; The section was incubated with Histone H3 (mono methyl K18) Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bsm-52244R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.



4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed HeLa (H) cell; Triton X-100 at r.t. for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (Histone H3 (mono methyl K18)) monoclonal Antibody, unconjugated (bsm-52244R) 1:100, 90



The HeLa (H) cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10 min at r.t.) and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at -20°C, the cells then were incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific

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min at 37°C; followed by conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody (green, bs-60295G-BF488) at 37°C for 90 min, DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the blank control.

protein-protein interactions (30 min at r.t.), followed by secondary antibody incubation for 40 min at room temperature. Primary Antibody (green): Rabbit Anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K18) antibody (bsm-52244,1:100). Isotype Control (orange): Rabbit IgG (bs-0295P). Blank control (black): PBS. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.