
Recombinant Human ATG5 Protein, N-Avi-His

Catalog Number: bs-105586P

Species: Human

AA Seq: 1-275/275

Predicted MW: 36.55 kDa

Tags: N-Avi-His

Activity: Not tested

Purity: >90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Purification: AC

Form: Lyophilized

Storage: Lyophilized from a solution in PBS pH 7.4, 0.02% NLS, 1mM EDTA, 4% Trehalose, 1% Mannitol.

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Store at 2 to 8°C for frequent use. Store at -20 to -80°C for twelve months from the date of receipt.

Background: In yeast, autophagy is an essential process for survival during nutrient starvation and cell differentiation. The process of autophagy is characterized as a non-selective degradation of cytoplasmic proteins into membrane structures called autophagosomes, and it is dependent on several proteins, including the autophagy proteins APG5 and APG7. Yeast Apg7 and the human homolog, APG7, share similarities with the ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1 in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* and are likewise responsible for enzymatically activating the autophagy conjugation system. Apg5 and the human homolog, APG5 (also designated apoptosis-specific protein or APS), function as substrates for the autophagy protein Apg12. These proteins are covalently bonded together to form Apg12/APG5 conjugates, which are required for the progression of autophagy.