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GGA3 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-13345R

Target Protein: GGA3
Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), ICC/IF (1:100-500),

ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted:Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Horse)

Predicted MW: 78 kDa
Entrez Gene: 23163
Swiss Prot: Q9NZ52

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GGA3: 51-150/723.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: The GGA family of proteins (Golgi-localized, g-Adaptin ear-containing, ARF-binding proteins)

are ubiquitous coat proteins that facilitate the trafficking of soluble proteins from the trans-Golgi network (TGN) to endosomes/lysosomes by means of interactions with TGN-sorting

receptors, ARF (ADP-ribosylation factor), and clathrin. Members of the GGA family,

GGA1,GGA2 (also known as VEAR) and GGA3, are multi-domain proteins that bind mannose 6-phosphate receptors (MPRs). GGAs have modular structures with an N-terminal VHS (VPS27, Hrs and STAM) domain followed by a GAT (GGA and Tom1) domain, a connecting hinge segment and a C-terminal GAE (g-Adaptin ear) domain. The amino-terminal VHS domains of GGAs form complexes with the cytoplasmic domains of sorting receptors by recognizing acidic-cluster di-leucine (ACLL) sequences. The human GGA3 gene maps to chromosome 17 and encodes a 723 amino acid protein that shares 46% sequence identity

with GGA1 and 38% with GGA2.