

**bs-14056R****[ Primary Antibody ]**

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**CRIP1 Rabbit pAb****— DATASHEET —**

<b>Host:</b> Rabbit	<b>Isotype:</b> IgG	<b>Applications:</b> <b>WB</b> (1:500-2000) <b>IHC-P</b> (1:100-500) <b>IHC-F</b> (1:100-500) <b>IF</b> (1:100-500) <b>ICC/IF</b> (1:100-500) <b>ELISA</b> (1:5000-10000)  <b>Reactivity:</b> (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow)  <b>Predicted MW.:</b> 8 kDa  <b>Subcellular Location:</b> Cytoplasm
<b>Clonality:</b> Polyclonal		
<b>GeneID:</b> 1396	<b>SWISS:</b> P50238	
<b>Target:</b> CRIP1		
<b>Immunogen:</b> KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CRIP1: 16-77/77.		
<b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A		
<b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml		
<b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
<b>Background:</b> Cysteine-rich intestinal protein (CRIP) belongs to the LIM/double zinc finger protein family, members of which include cysteine- and glycine-rich protein-1 (CSRP1; MIM 123876), rhombotin-1 (RBTN1; MIM 186921), rhombotin-2 (RBTN2; MIM 180385), and rhombotin-3 (RBTN3; MIM 180386). CRIP may be involved in intestinal zinc transport (Hempe and Cousins, 1991 [PubMed 1946385]).[supplied by OMIM, Mar 2008]		

**— SELECTED CITATIONS —**

- **[IF=2.5]** Ruge Chen. et al. CRIP1 regulates osteogenic differentiation of bone marrow stromal cells and pre-osteoblasts via the Wnt signaling pathway. BIOCHEM BIOPH RES CO. 2024 Oct;727:150277 IF ;Mouse. 38936225