bs-16145R

[Primary Antibody]

BIOSS ANTIBODIES

RNF207 Rabbit pAb

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- DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

GenelD: 388591 SWISS: Q6ZRF8

Target: RNF207

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human RNF207:

211-310/634.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about

malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer,

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500)

IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500) ICC/IF (1:100-500)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,

Rat, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Dog,

Horse)

Predicted 71 kDa

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm ,Nucleus