
FLG2 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-16100R

Target Protein: FLG2

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), ICC/IF (1:100-500), ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted:Human, Mouse, Rat)

Predicted MW: 248 kDa

Entrez Gene: 388698

Swiss Prot: Q5D862

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FLG2: 41-150/2391.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Profilaggrin is a large, insoluble, highly phosphorylated precursor protein and major component of keratohyalin granules in the living cells of the epidermis. During terminal differentiation of the epidermis, profilaggrin is proteolytically processed into active Filaggrin molecules that promote aggregation and disulfide-bond formation of keratin intermediate filaments. Active Filaggrin is present at a level of the epidermis where keratinocytes are in transition between the live nucleated granular layer and the anucleate cornified layer, suggesting that Filaggrin aids in the terminal differentiation process by facilitating apoptotic machinery. Filaggrin 2, also known as FLG2, Ifapsoriasin or IFPS (intermediate filament-associated and psoriasis-susceptibility protein), is a 2,391 amino acid protein that shares common structural features with Filaggrin. Filaggrin 2 contains ten Filaggrin repeats, two EF-hand domains and belongs to both the S-100 and S100-fused protein families.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=2.7] Yi Zhong, et al. GSDMD suppresses keratinocyte differentiation by inhibiting FLG expression and attenuating KCTD6-mediated HDAC1 degradation in atopic dermatitis. PEERJ. 2024 Jan;12:e16768 WB ; Human . 38250727