
IRX4 Antibody Blocking Peptide

Catalog Number: bs-9464P

Activity: Not tested

Purification: HPLC

Storage: Shipped at 4°C. Stored at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: The Iroquois homeobox gene family of transcription factors regulate aspects of embryonic development including anterior/posterior and dorsal/ventral axis patterning in the central nervous system. The Iroquois family are clustered on two loci, IRXA and IRXB, which map to chromosomes 8 and 13 in mice. The IRXA group includes *Irx1*, *Irx2* and *Irx4*; the IRXB group is comprised of *Irx3*, *Irx5* and *Irx6*. *Irx1* and *Irx2* are both widely expressed during development in the lung epithelium and also in the ventricular septum. *Irx1* and *Irx2* also play a role in digit formation (E11.5–E14.5). The *Irx* gene family members are each expressed in a distinct pattern during mouse heart development. Specifically, *Irx1* and *Irx2* are expressed in the ventricular septum and *Irx3* is expressed in the ventricular trabeculated myocardium. In addition, *Irx4* is expressed in the linear heart tube and the AV canal, and *Irx5* is expressed in the endocardium lining the ventricular and atrial myocardium. Furthermore, the IRX4 gene may modulate cardiac development and function. Although the heart of *Irx4*(-) mice appears to develop normally, adult *Irx4*(-) mice exhibit cardiomyopathy, including cardiac hypertrophy and decreased contractility.