

**bsm-52486R****[ Primary Antibody ]**

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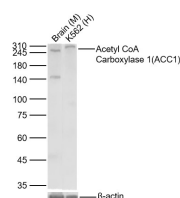
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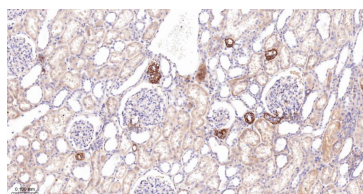
400-901-9800

**ACACA Recombinant Rabbit mAb****— DATASHEET —**

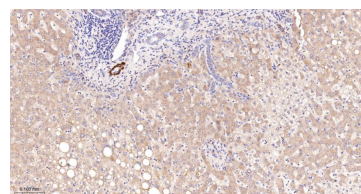
<b>Host:</b> Rabbit	<b>Isotype:</b> IgG	<b>Applications:</b> <b>WB</b> (1:500-1000) <b>IHC-P</b> (1:50-200) <b>IHC-F</b> (1:50-200) <b>IF</b> (1:50-200)  <b>Reactivity:</b> Human, Mouse, Rat  <b>Predicted MW.:</b> 265 kDa  <b>Subcellular Location:</b> Cytoplasm
<b>Clonality:</b> Recombinant	<b>CloneNo.:</b> 2B5	
<b>GeneID:</b> 32	<b>SWISS:</b> Q13085	
<b>Target:</b> ACACA		
<b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A		
<b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml		
<b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
<b>Background:</b> Acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) is a complex multifunctional enzyme system. ACC is a biotin-containing enzyme which catalyzes the carboxylation of acetyl-CoA to malonyl-CoA, the rate-limiting step in fatty acid synthesis. There are two ACC forms, alpha and beta, encoded by two different genes. ACC-alpha is highly enriched in lipogenic tissues. The enzyme is under long term control at the transcriptional and translational levels and under short term regulation by the phosphorylation/dephosphorylation of targeted serine residues and by allosteric transformation by citrate or palmitoyl-CoA. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants divergent in the 5' sequence and encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].		

**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Sample: Lane 1: Mouse Brain Lysates Lane 2: Human K562 cell Lysates Primary: Anti-Acetyl CoA Carboxylase 1(ACC1) (bsm-52486R) at 1/300 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 265kDa Observed band size: 265kDa



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Human Kidney; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; The section was incubated with ACACA Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bsm-52486R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Human Liver; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; The section was incubated with ACACA Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bsm-52486R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the bs-0295G-HRP and DAB (C-0010) staining.

**— SELECTED CITATIONS —**

- **[IF=2.996]** Lu-Chang Liang. et al. Caffeic acid phenethyl ester reverses doxorubicin resistance in breast cancer cells via lipid metabolism regulation at least partly by suppressing the Akt/mTOR/SREBP1 pathway. KAOHSIUNG J MED SCI. 2023 Mar.; WB ;Human. 36960852