

www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

MLKL Mouse mAb

Catalog Number: bsm-33339M

Target Protein: MLKL
Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Size: 50ul/100ul/200ul

Liquid

Size: 200ug (PBS only)

Lyophilized

Note: Centrifuge tubes before opening. Reconstitute the lyophilized product in distilled

water. Optimal concentration should be determined by the end user.

Host: Mouse

Clonality: Monoclonal

Clone No.: 10H7
Isotype: IgG1

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), ICC/IF (1:100-500), ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted:Human)

Predicted MW: 54 kDa

Subcellular Cell membrane ,Cytoplasm

Locations:

Entrez Gene: 197259 Swiss Prot: Q8NB16

Purification: affinity purified by Protein G

Storage: Size:50ul/100ul/200ul

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Size: 200ug (PBS only)

0.01M PBS

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: This gene belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. The encoded protein contains a protein

kinase-like domain; however, is thought to be inactive because it lacks several residues required for activity. This protein plays a critical role in tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process, via interaction with receptor-interacting protein 3 (RIP3), which is a key signaling molecule in necroptosis pathway. Inhibitor studies and knockdown of this gene inhibited TNF-induced necrosis. High levels of this protein and RIP3 are associated with inflammatory bowel disease in children. Alternatively spliced

transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015].

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=6.792] Lu Peng. et al. Polychlorinated biphenyl quinone regulates MLKL phosphorylation that stimulates exosome biogenesis and secretion via a short negative feedback loop. Environ Pollut. 2021 Apr;274:115606 WB; Human. 33190980

[IF=3.274] Yang B et al. Polychlorinated Biphenyl Quinone Promotes Macrophage-Derived Foam Cell Formation. Chem Res Toxicol. 2019 Nov 13. WB; Mouse . 31680514