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EAAT4 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-13046R

Target Protein: EAAT4
Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), ICC/IF (1:100-500),

ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted:Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Dog)

Predicted MW: 62 kDa

Subcellular Cell membrane

Locations:

Entrez Gene: 6511 Swiss Prot: P48664

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human EAAT4: 151-250/564.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Excitatory Amino Acid Transporters (EAATs) are membrane-bound proteins that are

localized in glial cells and pre-synaptic glutamatergic nerve endings. EAATs transport the excitatory neurotransmitters L-glutamate and D-aspartate, a process that is essential for

terminating the postsynaptic action of glutamate. The re-uptake of amino acid

neurotransmitters by EAAT proteins has been shown to protect neurons from excitotoxicity,

which is caused by the accumulation of amino acid neurotransmitters. EAAT4 is an

 $as part at e/glutamate\ transporter\ that\ is\ expressed\ predominantly\ in\ the\ cerebellum.\ The$

transport activity encoded by EAAT4 has high apparent affinity for L-aspartate and L-

glutamate, and has a pharmacologic profile consistent with previously described cerebellar transport activities. EAAT5 is a glutamate transporter coupled to a chloride conductance

which is expressed primarily in retina. Although EAAT5 shares the structural homologies of

the EAAT family, a novel feature of the EAAT5 sequence is a carboxy-terminal motif

previously identified in N-ethyl-D-aspartate receptors and potassium channels and shown to confer interactions with a family of synaptic proteins that promote ion channel clustering.