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Melamine/BSA

Catalog Number: bs-2182PB

AA Seq: Coupling protein

Tags: N/A

Activity: No

Endotoxin: Not analyzed

Form: Liquid

Storage: 0.01M PBS(pH7.4).

Stored at -70°C or -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Melamine is combined with formaldehyde to produce melamine resin, a very durable

thermosetting plastic used in Formica, and melamine foam, a polymeric cleaning product. The end products include countertops, dry erase boards, fabrics, glues, housewares and

flame retardants. Melamine is one of the major components in Pigment Yellow 150, a

colorant in inks and plastics. Melamine also enters the fabrication of melamine polysulfonate used as superplasticizer for making high-resistance concrete. Sulfonated

melamine formaldehyde (SMF) is a polymer used as cement admixture to reduce the water

content in concrete while increasing the fluidity and the workability of the mix during its

handling and pouring. It results in concrete with a lower porosity and a higher mechanical

strength exhibiting an improved resistance to aggressive environments and a longer life-

time. The use of melamine as fertilizer for crops had been envisaged during the '50s and '60s because of its high nitrogen content (2/3). However melamine is much more expensive to

produce than other common nitrogen fertilizers, such as urea. To be effective as a fertilizer,

it is essential that the plant nutrients are released or made available in a manner that

matches the needs of the growing crop. The nitrogen mineralization process for melamine is

 $extremely\ slow,\ making\ this\ product\ both\ economically\ and\ scientifically\ impractical\ for\ use$

as a fertilizer.