

bs-7694R**[Primary Antibody]**

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SLC12A3 Rabbit pAb**— DATASHEET —**

Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500) ELISA (1:5000-10000) Reactivity: Human (predicted: Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Cow, Dog) Predicted MW.: 113 kDa Subcellular Location: Cell membrane
Clonality: Polyclonal		
GeneID: 6559	SWISS: P55017	
Target: SLC12A3		
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLC12A3/NCCT: 951-1021/1021.		
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
Background: Na-K-Cl cotransporters (NKCC) are channel proteins that aid in the transcellular movement of chloride across both secretory and absorptive epithelia. NKCC1 is expressed in muscle cells, neurons, and red blood cells. In the basolateral membrane of secretory epithelia, NKCC1 mediates active chloride secretion. The gene encoding human NKCC1 maps to chromosome 5q23.3. In mice, disruption of the NKCC1 gene leads to deafness and impaired balance. NKCC2 is specifically expressed in the kidney where it mediates active reabsorption of sodium chloride in the thick ascending limb of the loop of Henle. NKCC2 is sensitive to the clinically important diuretics furosemide and bumetanide. The gene encoding human NKCC2 maps to chromosome 15q15-q21 and mutations in this gene lead to Bartter's syndrome, an inherited hypokalaemic alkalosis. NCCT is a thiazide-sensitive Na-Cl cotransporter that is primarily expressed in the distal convoluted tubule of the kidney where it accounts for a significant fraction of net renal sodium reabsorption. The gene for human NCCT map to chromosome 16q13. Mutations in the gene encoding NCCT cause Gitelman's syndrome, a subset of Bartter's syndrome.		

— SELECTED CITATIONS —

- **[IF=3.657]** Matsubara, Ai. et al. Low-salt diet increases mRNA expression of aldosterone-regulated transporters in the intermediate portion of the endolymphatic sac. Pflug Arch Eur J Phy. 2022 Feb;;1-11 IHC ;Rat. 35112133