

**bs-13833R****[ Primary Antibody ]****BioSS**  
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**CENPBD1 Rabbit pAb****— DATASHEET —**

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| <p><b>Host:</b> Rabbit</p> <p><b>Clonality:</b> Polyclonal</p> <p><b>GeneID:</b> 92806</p> <p><b>Target:</b> CENPBD1</p> <p><b>Immunogen:</b> KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CENPBD1: 21-120/187.</p> <p><b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A</p> <p><b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml</p> <p><b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.</p> <p><b>Background:</b> CENPBD1 is a 187 amino acid nuclear protein that contains one HTH CENPB-type DNA-binding domain and a HTH psq-type DNA-binding domain. The gene encoding CENPBD1 maps to human chromosome 16, which encodes over 900 genes in approximately 90 million base pairs, makes up nearly 3% of human cellular DNA and is associated with a variety of genetic disorders. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing malfunction with growth. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is also associated with chromosome 16, through the CREBBP gene which encodes a critical CREB binding protein. Signs of Rubinstein-Taybi include mental retardation and predisposition to tumor growth and white blood cell neoplasias. Crohn's disease is a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition associated with chromosome 16 through the NOD2 gene.</p> | <p><b>Isotype:</b> IgG</p> <p><b>SWISS:</b> B2RD01</p> <p><b>Applications:</b> IHC-P (1:100-500)<br/>IHC-F (1:100-500)<br/>IF (1:100-500)<br/>ICC/IF (1:100-500)<br/>ELISA (1:5000-10000)</p> <p><b>Reactivity:</b> (predicted: Human)</p> <p><b>Predicted MW.:</b> 21 kDa</p> <p><b>Subcellular Location:</b> Nucleus</p> |
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