
GPCR TGR7 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-15374R

Target Protein: GPCR TGR7

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), ICC/IF (1:100-500),
ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted:Human)

Predicted MW: 36 kDa

Subcellular Cell membrane

Locations:

Entrez Gene: 116512

Swiss Prot: Q8TDS7

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GPCR TGR7: 101-200/321.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Mas-related G protein-coupled receptors are sensory neuron-specific G protein-coupled receptors that are usually involved in the development and function of nociceptive neurons and may also regulate the sensation or modulation of pain. MRGD (MAS-related GPR, member D), also known as MRGPRD or TGR7, is a 321 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family and the Mas subfamily. MRGD is suggested to function specifically as a receptor for beta-alanine, a naturally occurring beta amino acid. Beta-alanine induces Ca²⁺ influx and decreases forskolin-stimulated cAMP production in cells expressing MRGD. Neurons of outer epidermis that express MRGD act as nociceptors in which they respond indirectly to external stimuli by detecting ATP release in the skin. MRGD is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 11q13.2.