

**bs-12995R****[ Primary Antibody ]****Bioss**  
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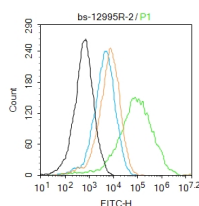
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**DNASE1L1 Rabbit pAb****— DATASHEET —**

<b>Host:</b> Rabbit <b>Clonality:</b> Polyclonal <b>GeneID:</b> 1774 <b>Target:</b> DNASE1L1 <b>Immunogen:</b> KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DNASE1L1: 201-302/302. <b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A <b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml <b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. <b>Background:</b> DNASE1L1 is a 302 amino acid protein that localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and belongs to the deoxyribonuclease family. Expressed at high levels in cardiac and skeletal muscle and at lower levels in a variety of tissues throughout the body, DNASE1L1 exists as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms and is thought to function in a similar manner to DNase I, possibly mediating internucleosomal DNA degradation via catalytic cleavage events. The gene encoding DNASE1L1 maps to human chromosome X, which contains nearly 153 million base pairs and houses over 1,000 genes. In conjunction with chromosome Y, chromosome X is responsible for sex determination. There are a number of conditions related to an abnormal number and combination of sex chromosomes, some of which include Turner's syndrome, color blindness, hemophilia and Duchenne muscular dystrophy.	<b>Isotype:</b> IgG <b>SWISS:</b> P49184	<b>Applications:</b> Flow-Cyt (2ug/Test) <b>Reactivity:</b> Mouse (predicted: Human, Rat, Dog, Horse) <b>Predicted MW.:</b> 32 kDa <b>Subcellular Location:</b> Cytoplasm
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**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Blank control: Mouse kidney. Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-DNASE1L1 antibody (bs-12995R) Dilution: 2µg / 10<sup>6</sup> cells; Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG. Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488 Dilution: 1µg / test. Protocol The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBST for 20 min at room temperature. The cells were then incubated in 5% BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.