

bs-0901R**[Primary Antibody]****RPSA Rabbit pAb****Bioss**
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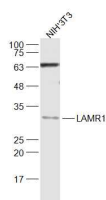
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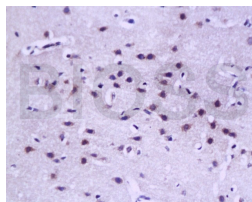
— DATASHEET —**Host:** Rabbit**Isotype:** IgG**Clonality:** Polyclonal**GeneID:** 3921**SWISS:** P08865**Target:** RPSA**Immunogen:** KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human LAMR1: 201-295/295.**Purification:** affinity purified by Protein A**Concentration:** 1mg/ml**Storage:** 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

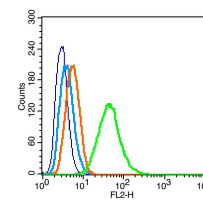
Background: Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes including cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Many of the effects of laminin are mediated through interactions with cell surface receptors. These receptors include members of the integrin family, as well as non-integrin laminin-binding proteins. This gene encodes a high-affinity, non-integrin family, laminin receptor 1. This receptor has been variously called 67 kD laminin receptor, 37 kD laminin receptor precursor (37LRP) and p40 ribosome-associated protein. The amino acid sequence of laminin receptor 1 is highly conserved through evolution, suggesting a key biological function. It has been observed that the level of the laminin receptor transcript is higher in colon carcinoma tissue and lung cancer cell line than their normal counterparts. Also, there is a correlation between the upregulation of this polypeptide in cancer cells and their invasive and metastatic phenotype. Multiple copies of this gene exist, however, most of them are pseudogenes thought to have arisen from retropositional events. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Applications: WB (1:500-2000)**IHC-P** (1:100-500)**IHC-F** (1:100-500)**IF** (1:100-500)**Flow-Cyt** (1µg/Test)**Reactivity:** Mouse, Rat
(predicted: Human, Dog)**Predicted MW.:** 32.7/67 kDa**Subcellular Location:** Extracellular matrix ,Cell membrane ,Cytoplasm ,Nucleus**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Sample: NIH/3T3(Mouse) Cell Lysate at 30 ug
Primary: Anti-LAMR1 (bs-0901R) at 1/1000
dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 32.7/67 kD Observed band size: 32.7 kD



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-LAMR1(CT) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-0901R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Blank control: RSC96(blue), the cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with ice-cold 90% methanol for 30 min on ice. Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange); Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA; Primary Antibody Dilution: 0.2µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA(green).

— SELECTED CITATIONS —

- **[IF=2.94]** Liu, L., et al. "MGr1-Ag/37LRP promotes growth and proliferation of gastric cancer in vitro and in vivo." Cancer Gene Therapy (2014). WB ;="Human". 25060631
- **[IF=2.486]** Zhang et al. MGr1-Ag promotes invasion and bone metastasis of small-cell lung cancer in vitro and in vivo. (2013) Oncol.Re. 29:2283-90 WB ;Human. 23588894