bs-3781R

[Primary Antibody]

BIOSS ANTIBODIES

Histone H2A (Acetyl K5) Rabbit pAb

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- DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit **Isotype:** IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

GenelD: 3012 **SWISS:** P04908

Target: Histone H2A (Acetyl K5)

 $\textbf{Immunogen:} \ \mathsf{KLH} \ \mathsf{conjugated} \ \mathsf{Synthesised} \ \mathsf{acetylpeptide} \ \mathsf{derived} \ \mathsf{from} \ \mathsf{human}$

Histone H2A around the acetylation site of Lys5: RG(Ac-K)QG.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the

nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H2A family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the small histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-

p21.3. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

Applications: WB (1:500-2000)

IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500) ICC/IF (1:100-500) ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,

Rat)

Predicted MW.: 14 kDa

Subcellular Location: Nucleus