

bs-2239R**[Primary Antibody]****CD209/DC-SIGN Rabbit pAb****Bioss**
ANTIBODIES

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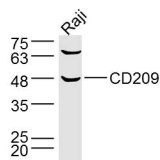
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— DATASHEET —

Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat
GeneID: 170786	SWISS: Q8CJ91	
Target: CD209/DC-SIGN		
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse DC-SIGN/CD209: 81-180/238. < Extracellular >		Predicted MW.: 45 kDa
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		Subcellular Location: Secreted ,Cell membrane
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
Background: This gene encodes a transmembrane receptor and is often referred to as L-SIGN because of its expression in the endothelial cells of the lymph nodes and liver. The encoded protein is involved in the innate immune system and recognizes numerous evolutionarily divergent pathogens ranging from parasites to viruses, with a large impact on public health. The protein is organized into three distinct domains: an N-terminal transmembrane domain, a tandem-repeat neck domain and C-type lectin carbohydrate recognition domain. The extracellular region consisting of the C-type lectin and neck domains has a dual function as a pathogen recognition receptor and a cell adhesion receptor by binding carbohydrate ligands on the surface of microbes and endogenous cells. The neck region is important for homo-oligomerization which allows the receptor to bind multivalent ligands with high avidity. Variations in the number of 23 amino acid repeats in the neck domain of this protein are common and have a significant impact on ligand binding ability. This gene is closely related in terms of both sequence and function to a neighboring gene (GeneID 30835; often referred to as DC-SIGN or CD209). DC-SIGN and L-SIGN differ in their ligand-binding properties and distribution. Alternative splicing results in multiple variants.[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2009]		

— VALIDATION IMAGES —

Sample:Raji Cell (Human) Lysate at 40 ug
Primary: Anti-CD209 (bs-2239R) at 1/300 dilution
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at
1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 45kD
Observed band size: 47kD

— SELECTED CITATIONS —

- **[IF=5.9]** Duliurui Huang. et al. Analysis of the heterogeneity and complexity of murine extraorbital lacrimal gland via single-cell RNA sequencing. OCUL SURF. 2024 Jun;; IF ;Mouse. 38945476

Important Note: This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.