bs-11578R

[Primary Antibody]

PHOX2B Rabbit pAb



www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

- DATASHEET		400-901-9800
Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		IHC-P (1:100-500)
GenelD: 8929	SWISS: 099453	IF (1:100-500)
Target: PHOX2B		ICC/IF (1:100-500)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PHOX2B: 101-200/314.		Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Cow, Chicken, Dog, Horse) Predicted 32 kDa Subcellular Location: Nucleus
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
Background: Phox2a (also designated Arix1) and Phox2b are closely related, paired-homeodomain transcription factors that are necessary for neuronal differentiation throughout the developing sympathetic, parasympathetic and enteric ganglia. All enteric nervous system cells evolve from the neural crest, and all cells that are undifferentiated initially express Phox2b. The cells that begin to differentiate along a neuronal lineage continue to express Phox2b, and begin to express Phox2a. Phox2b is required for the differentiation of all central and nonperipheral noradrenergic centers in the brain. In contrast, Phox2a controls only the differentiation of the main noradrenergic center of the brain, the locus coeruleus. Both Phox2a and Phox2b are crucial for the regulation of endogenous tyrosine hydroxylase and dopamine- beta hydroxylase, which are transiently expressed in neural crest cells. In addition, Phox2 proteins are sufficient to promote sympathetic neuron generation. The gene which encodes Phox2a maps to human chromosome 11q13.3-q13.4.		