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## Caspase-9 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-0049R

Target Protein: Caspase-9
Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), Flow-Cyt (1µg/test),

ICC/IF (1:100)

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog (predicted:Cow)

Predicted MW: 35/50 kDa

Entrez Gene: 842 Swiss Prot: P55211

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Caspase-9 subunit p35: 11-120/416.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Caspase 9 (also known as ICE like apoptotic protease 6 (ICE LAP6), apoptotic protease Mch6,

and apoptotic protease activating factor 3 (Apaf3)) is a member of the peptidase family C14 that contains a CARD domain. This caspase is active as a heterotetramer and has been reported to have two isoforms. ProCaspase 9 has been reported to be approximately 47 kD.

This caspase is present in the cytosol and, upon activation, translocates to the

mitochondria. Caspase 9 is involved in the caspase activation cascade responsible for apoptosis execution and cleaves/activates Caspase 3 and Caspase 6. Caspase 9 is inhibited

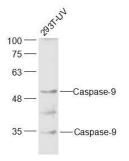
by the dominant negative isoform, BclXL, cIAP1, cIAP2, XIAP, and Livin. This caspase

becomes activated when recruited to Apaf1/cytochrome c complex, and following cleavage by Apaf1, granzyme B, Caspase 3, possibly Caspase 8 and Caspase 10 into large p37 and

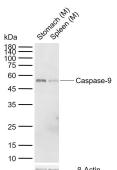
small p10 subunits. Caspase 9 intereacts with BIRC7 and has been shown to cleave PARP

and vimentin.

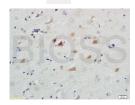
## **VALIDATION IMAGES**



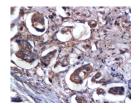
Sample: 293T-UV Cell (Human) Lysate at 30 ug Primary: Anti-Caspase-9 (Bs- 0049R) at 1/300 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 35/50 kD Observed band size: 35/50 kD



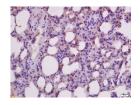
Sample: Lane 1: Mouse Stomach tissue lysates Lane 2: Mouse Spleen tissue lysates Primary: Anti-Caspase-9 (bs-0049R) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 35/50 kDa Observed band size: 52 kDa



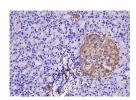
Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-Caspase-9 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-0049R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Tissue/cell: human colon carcinoma; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 0.01M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-Caspase-9 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-0049R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat lung); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Insulin like growth factor 1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0014R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary antibody (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat pancreas); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Caspase-9) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-0049R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

## PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=11.508] Qinyu Ma. et al. Osteoclast-derived apoptotic bodies couple bone resorption and formation in bone remodeling. Bone Res. 2021 Jan;9(1):1-12 WB; Mouse . 33431863

[IF=10.6] Jia Xueli. et al. Gene editing tool-loaded biomimetic cationic vesicles with highly efficient bacterial internalization for in vivo

eradication of pathogens. J NANOBIOTECHNOL. 2024 Dec;22(1):1-20 WB; Acinetobacter baumannii . 39710679

[IF=7.7] Xishuai Tong. et al. Angelica sinensis polysaccharides mitigate cadmium-induced apoptosis in layer chicken chondrocytes by inhibiting the JNK signaling pathway. INT J BIOL MACROMOL. 2024 Oct;:137106 WB; Chicken . 39486695

[IF=6.551] Wei J et al. Endosulfan induces cardiotoxicity through apoptosis via unbalance of pro-survival and mitochondrial-mediated apoptotic pathways. Sci Total Environ . 2020 Jul 20;727:138790. WB; human . 32344260

[IF=7.086] Jiangnan Yi. et al. Battery wastewater induces nephrotoxicity via disordering the mitochondrial dynamics. CHEMOSPHERE. 2022 Sep;303:135018 WB; Mouse . 35605732