bs-6797R

[Primary Antibody]

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DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

CRR9 Rabbit pAb

GeneID: 81037 SWISS: Q96KA5

Target: CRR9

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human

CLPTM1L/CRR9: 165-270/538.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Clefts of the oral-facial region usually occur in early fetal

development and can affect the lip, the soft palate and the hard palate. Cleft lip (with or without cleft palate) is a genetically complex birth defect that occurs in approximately one in every 750-1,000 live births. This is one of the most common birth defects and is multifactorial, with both genetic and environmental causes. Cleft lip- and palate-associated transmembrane protein 1

(CLPTM1) belongs to a family of cleft lip and palate transmembrane proteins. This family also contains cisplatin resistance-related protein (CRR9), which is involved in CDDPinduced apoptosis. CLPTM1L (cleft lip and palate transmembrane protein 1-like protein), also known as CRR9p (cisplatin resistancerelated protein 9) is a 538 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the CLPTM1 family and, when

overexpressed, enhances cisplatin-mediated apoptosis. CLPTM1L exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms encoded by a gene that

maps to human chromosome 5p15.33.

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500)

IHC-F (1:100-500) **IF** (1:100-500) ICC/IF (1:100-500) **ELISA** (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,

Rat, Dog, Horse)

Predicted MW.: 62 kDa

Subcellular Location: Cell membrane