bs-11558R

[Primary Antibody]

BIOSS ANTIBODIES

www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

GCNF Rabbit pAb

- DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

GenelD: 2649 **SWISS:** Q15406

Target: GCNF

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GCNF:

251-350/480.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Germ cell nuclear factor (GCNF) is an orphan member of the

nuclear receptor gene superfamily that influences neurogenesis and germ cell development. GCNF can homodimerize and bind DNA. GCNF regulates paracrine interaction between the oocyte and somatic cells by regulating the expression of BMP-15 and GDF-9, to affect female fertility. GCNF is present in spermatocytes and round spermatids of adult male mouse testis; northern blot and ribonuclease protection assays have shown GCNF is predominant

ribonuclease protection assays have shown GCNF is predomin in the testis. The gene expresses three alternatively spliced

transcript variants.

- VALIDATION IMAGES -



Sample: Lane 1: Mouse Cerebellum tissue lysates Lane 2: Rat Cerebellum tissue lysates Primary: Anti-GCNF (bs-11558R) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 54 kDa Observed band size: 52 kDa

- SELECTED CITATIONS -

- [IF=11.501] Shubhangini Katarukaet al. MicroRNA dilution during oocyte growth disables the microRNA pathway in mammalian oocytes. Nucleic Acids Res. 2020 Aug 20;48(14):8050-8062. WB; Mouse、 Porcine and bovine. 32609824
- [IF=11.501] Kataruka Shubhangini. et al. MicroRNA dilution during oocyte growth disables the microRNA pathway in mammalian oocytes. Nucleic Acids Res. 2020 Aug;48(14):8050-8062 WB; Mousse. 32609824

Applications: WB (1:500-2000)

Reactivity: Mouse, Rat

(predicted: Human, Rabbit, Pig, Cow, Dog, Horse)

Predicted MW.: 54 kDa

Subcellular Location: Nucleus