

bs-7954R**[Primary Antibody]****ALAD Rabbit pAb****Bioss**
ANTIBODIES

www.bioss.com.cn

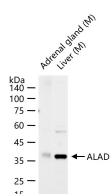
sales@bioss.com.cn

techsupport@bioss.com.cn

400-901-9800

— DATASHEET —

Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		Reactivity: Mouse (predicted: Rat, Rabbit, Sheep, Cow, Dog, Horse)
GeneID: 210	SWISS: P13716	Predicted MW.: 36 kDa
Target: ALAD		Subcellular Location: Secreted ,Extracellular
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ALAD: 151-240/330.		Location: matrix ,Cytoplasm ,Nucleus
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
Background: Catalyzes an early step in the biosynthesis of tetrapyrroles. Binds two molecules of 5-aminolevulinate per subunit, each at a distinct site, and catalyzes their condensation to form porphobilinogen. Involvement in disease: Defects in ALAD are the cause of acute hepatic porphyria (AHP). AHP is a form of porphyria. Porphyrins are inherited defects in the biosynthesis of heme, resulting in the accumulation and increased excretion of porphyrins or porphyrin precursors. They are classified as erythropoietic or hepatic, depending on whether the enzyme deficiency occurs in red blood cells or in the liver. AHP is characterized by attacks of gastrointestinal disturbances, abdominal colic, paralysis, and peripheral neuropathy. Most attacks are precipitated by drugs, alcohol, caloric deprivation, infections, or endocrine factors.		

— VALIDATION IMAGES —

25 ug total protein per lane of various lysates (see on figure) probed with ALAD polyclonal antibody, unconjugated (bs-7954R) at 1:1000 dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at r.t. for 60 min.