
Ubiquitin Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-1549R

Target Protein: Ubiquitin

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), Flow-Cyt (1ug/Test), ICC/IF (1:100)

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat (predicted:Pig)

Predicted MW: 8.5 kDa

Entrez Gene: 7314

Swiss Prot: P0CG47

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Ubiquitin: 1-76/685.

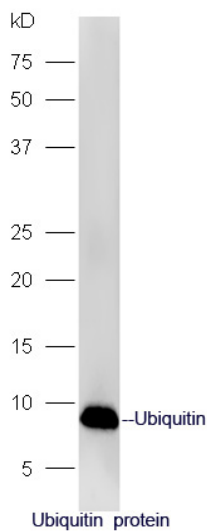
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

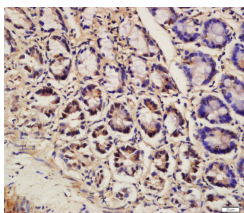
Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: This gene encodes ubiquitin, one of the most conserved proteins known. Ubiquitin has a major role in targeting cellular proteins for degradation by the 26S proteasome. It is also involved in the maintenance of chromatin structure, the regulation of gene expression, and the stress response. Ubiquitin is synthesized as a precursor protein consisting of either polyubiquitin chains or a single ubiquitin moiety fused to an unrelated protein. This gene consists of three direct repeats of the ubiquitin coding sequence with no spacer sequence. Consequently, the protein is expressed as a polyubiquitin precursor with a final amino acid after the last repeat. An aberrant form of this protein has been detected in patients with Alzheimer's disease and Down syndrome. Pseudogenes of this gene are located on chromosomes 1, 2, 13, and 17. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.
[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2013]

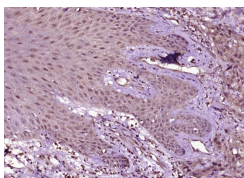
VALIDATION IMAGES



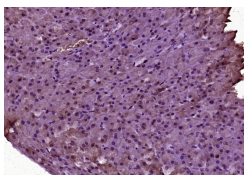
Sample: Ubiquitin protein at 100ng; Primary: Anti-Ubiquitin (bs-1549R) at 1:300 dilution; Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat-Anti-rabbit IgG(bs-0295G-HRP) at 1: 5000 dilution; Predicted band size: 8.5 kD Observed band size: 8.5 kD



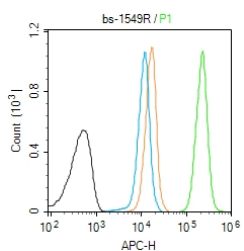
Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat colon tissue); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Ubiquitin) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-1549R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.



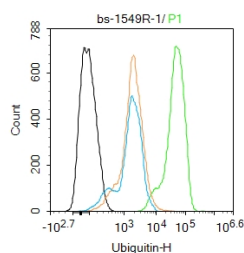
Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human skin carcinoma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Ubiquitin) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-1549R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse pancreas); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Ubiquitin) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-1549R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Blank control (Black line): Molt4 (Black). Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-Ubiquitin antibody (bs-1549R) Dilution: 1µg /10⁶ cells; Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG . Secondary Antibody (white blue line): Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF647 Dilution: 1µg /test. Protocol The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at room temperature. The cells were then incubated in 5% BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.



Blank control (black line) :HepG2. Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-Ubiquitin antibody (bs-1549R) Dilution: 1µg/Test; Secondary Antibody : Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488 Dilution: 0.5µg/Test. Negative control (white blue line) : PBS Isotype control (orange line) : Normal Rabbit IgG Protocol The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at -20°C. The cells were then incubated in 5% BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

- [IF=6.7] Yunxiang Wang. et al. Corilagin Alleviated Intestinal Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury by Modulating Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress via Bonding with Bip. PHYTOMEDICINE. 2024 Sep;;156011 CoIP ; Mouse . 39265205
- [IF=6.7] Wenshuang Wang. et al. Acacetin alleviates rheumatoid arthritis by targeting HSP90 ATPase domain to promote COX-2 degradation. PHYTOMEDICINE. 2024 Oct;;156171 WB ; Mouse . 39489991
- [IF=6.15] Ling Yang. et al. Bergenin, a PPAR γ agonist, inhibits Th17 differentiation and subsequent neutrophilic asthma by preventing GLS1-dependent glutaminolysis. Acta Pharmacol Sin. 2021 Jul;;1-14 WB ; Mouse . 34267342
- [IF=6.208] Qiong Zong. et al. Comparative Ubiquitome Analysis Reveals Deubiquitinating Effects Induced by Wolbachia Infection in *Drosophila melanogaster*. INT J MOL SCI. 2022 Jan;23(16):9459 IP ; Fly . 36012723
- [IF=5.5] Poornima Sankar. et al. Fatty acid metabolism in neutrophils promotes lung damage and bacterial replication during tuberculosis. PLOS PATHOG. 2024 Oct;20(10):e1012188 WB ; Mouse . 39365825