[Primary Antibody]

KDEL Receptor Rabbit pAb



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– DATASHEET –		400-901-9800
Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		IHC-P (1:100-500)
GenelD: 10945	SWISS: P24390	IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500)
Target: KDEL Receptor		ICC/IF (1:100-500)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human KDEL Receptor: 151-212/212.		ELISA (1:5000-10000) Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat, Sheep, Cow, Horse, Xenopus laevis)
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Predicted MW.: ^{25 kDa} Subcellular Location: ^{Cytoplasm}
Background: Retention of resident soluble proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) is achieved in both yeast and animal cells by their continual retrieval from the cis-Golgi, or a pre-Golgi compartment. Sorting of these proteins is dependent on a C- terminal tetrapeptide signal, usually lys-asp-glu-leu (KDEL) in animal cells, and his-asp-glu-leu (HDEL) in S. cerevisiae. This process is mediated by a receptor that recognizes, and binds the tetrapeptide-containing protein, and returns it to the ER. In yeast, the sorting receptor encoded by a single gene, ERD2, which is a seven-transmembrane protein. Unlike yeast, several human homologs of the ERD2 gene, constituting the KDEL receptor gene family, have been described. The protein encoded by this gene was the first member of the family to be identified, and it encodes a protein structurally and functionally similar to the yeast ERD2 gene product.		