

bs-42438R**[Primary Antibody]****ATP1B2 Rabbit pAb****Bioss**
ANTIBODIES

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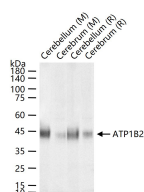
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— DATASHEET —

Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		Reactivity: Mouse, Rat (predicted: Human)
GeneID: 482	SWISS: P14415	
Target: ATP1B2		
Immunogen: Recombinant human ATP1B2 protein: 68-290/290.		Predicted MW.: 33 kDa
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		Subcellular Location: Cell membrane
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
Background: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of Na ⁺ /K ⁺ and H ⁺ /K ⁺ ATPases beta chain proteins, and to the subfamily of Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPases. Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The beta subunit regulates, through assembly of alpha/beta heterodimers, the number of sodium pumps transported to the plasma membrane. The glycoprotein subunit of Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes a beta 2 subunit. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]		

— VALIDATION IMAGES —

25 ug total protein per lane of various lysates
(see on figure) probed with ATP1B2 polyclonal
antibody, unconjugated (bs-42438R) at 1:1000
dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed
by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at
r.t. for 60 min.