

**bs-1210R****[ Primary Antibody ]****BRCA2 Rabbit pAb****Bioss**  
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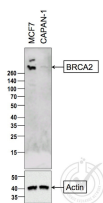
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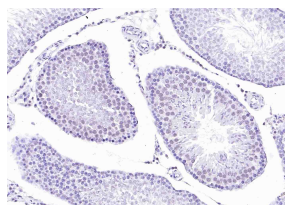
**— DATASHEET —****Host:** Rabbit**Isotype:** IgG**Clonality:** Polyclonal**GeneID:** 675**SWISS:** P51587**Target:** BRCA2**Immunogen:** KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human BRCA2: 21-130/3418.**Purification:** affinity purified by Protein A**Concentration:** 1mg/ml**Storage:** 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

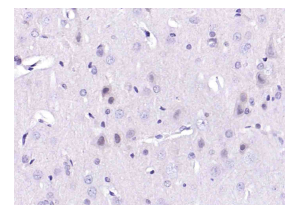
**Background:** Inherited mutations in BRCA1 and this gene, BRCA2, confer increased lifetime risk of developing breast or ovarian cancer. Both BRCA1 and BRCA2 are involved in maintenance of genome stability, specifically the homologous recombination pathway for double-strand DNA repair. The largest exon in both genes is exon 11, which harbors the most important and frequent mutations in breast cancer patients. The BRCA2 gene was found on chromosome 13q12.3 in human. The BRCA2 protein contains several copies of a 70 aa motif called the BRC motif, and these motifs mediate binding to the RAD51 recombinase which functions in DNA repair. BRCA2 is considered a tumor suppressor gene, as tumors with BRCA2 mutations generally exhibit loss of heterozygosity (LOH) of the wild-type allele. [provided by RefSeq, May 2020]

**Applications:** WB (1:500-2000)**IHC-P** (1:100-500)**IHC-F** (1:100-500)**IF** (1:100-500)**ELISA** (1:5000-10000)**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat  
(predicted: Rabbit, Cow, Chicken, Dog, Horse)**Predicted MW.:** 384 kDa**Subcellular Location:** Nucleus**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Sample: MCF-7(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug  
CAPAN1 (Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug Primary:  
Anti- BRCA2 (bs-1210R) at 1/200 dilution  
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at  
1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 384 kD  
Observed band size: 384 kD



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat testis); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (BRCA2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-1210R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (BRCA2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-1210R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

## — SELECTED CITATIONS —

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- **[IF=4.366]** Elkafas H et al. Vitamin D3 Ameliorates DNA Damage Caused by Developmental Exposure to Endocrine Disruptors in the Uterine Myometrial Stem Cells of Eker Rats. *Cells*. 2020 Jun 12;9(6):1459. WB ;Rat. 32545544
- **[IF=4.165]** Juliet Goldsmith et al. Ribosome profiling reveals a functional role for autophagy in mRNA translational control. *Commun Biol* . 2020 Jul 17;3(1):388. WB ;Human. 32681145
- **[IF=3.184]** Prusinski Fernung LE et al. Endocrine disruptor exposure during development increases incidence of uterine fibroids by altering DNA repair in myometrial stem cells. *Biol Reprod*. 2018 Oct 1;99(4):735-748. IHC ;Rat. 29688260