

Reprimo Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-1885R

Target Protein: Reprimo

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500)

Reactivity: Human, Rat (predicted:Mouse, Rabbit, Cow)

Predicted MW: 12 kDa

Entrez Gene: 56475

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Reprimo: 41-109/109.

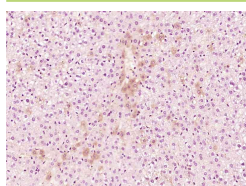
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Reprimo, also known as TP53 dependent G2 arrest mediator candidate or RPRM, is a 109 amino acid cytoplasmic protein belonging to the Reprimo family, which is involved in the regulation of p53-dependent G2 arrest of the cell cycle. Reprimo may initiate cell cycle arrest by inhibiting CDC2 and nuclear translocation of the CDC2 cyclin B1 complex. A highly glycosylated protein, Reprimo also plays a role in cell cycle surveillance and DNA repair. Hypermethylation of Reprimo can lead to its transcriptional repression, which may increase pathogenesis of some types of human cancers. Reprimo has been identified as a potential biomarker for early detection multiple cancers. The gene encoding Reprimo maps to human chromosome 2, which houses over 1,400 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome.

VALIDATION IMAGES



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat liver); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Reprimo) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-1885R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=1.28] Buchegger, Kurt, et al. "Immunohistochemical expression of RPRM is associated with low expression of proliferation marker Ki67 in patients with breast cancer." Int J Clin Exp Med 9.2 (2016): 3025-3032. IHC ; ="Human" . ISSN:1940-5901/IJCEM0018324