

Recombinant human GPR126 protein, N-His

Catalog Number: bs-42374P

Concentration: >1.0mg/ml

Species: Human

AA Seq: 46-352/1221

Predicted MW: 26.7 kDa

Tags: N-His

Endotoxin: Not analyzed

Purity: >90% as determined by SDS-PAGE

Purification: AC

Form: Liquid

Storage: 20mM Tris-HCl (pH=8.0) with 8M Urea

Stored at -70°C or -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: G protein-coupled receptors (GPRs), also known as seven transmembrane receptors, heptahelical receptors or 7TM receptors, comprise a superfamily of proteins that play a role in many different stimulus-response pathways. G protein coupled receptors translate extracellular signals into intracellular signals (G protein activation) and they respond to a variety of signaling molecules, such as hormones and neurotransmitters. GPR126 (G protein-coupled receptor 126), also known as APG1, DREG, VIGR or PS1TP2, is a 1,221 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that contains one pentaxin domain, one GPS domain and one CUB domain. Existing as three alternatively spliced isoforms, GPR126 functions as an orphan G protein-coupled receptor that, when subject to genetic variation, may influence stature and adult height.

VALIDATION IMAGES



The purity of the protein is greater than 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.