

**bs-8874R****[ Primary Antibody ]****Bioss**  
**ANTIBODIES**

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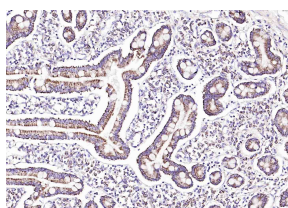
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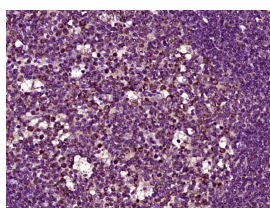
400-901-9800

**GPBAR1 Rabbit pAb****— DATASHEET —**

<b>Host:</b> Rabbit	<b>Isotype:</b> IgG	<b>Applications:</b> <b>IHC-P</b> (1:100-500) <b>IHC-F</b> (1:100-500) <b>IF</b> (1:100-500)
<b>Clonality:</b> Polyclonal		
<b>GeneID:</b> 151306	<b>SWISS:</b> Q8TDU6	
<b>Target:</b> GPBAR1		<b>Reactivity:</b> Human
<b>Immunogen:</b> KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GPCR TGR5/GPBAR1: 5-100/330. < Extracellular >		
<b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A		<b>Predicted MW.:</b> 35 kDa
<b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml		<b>Subcellular Location:</b> Cell membrane
<b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
<b>Background:</b> The G protein-coupled receptor TGR5 is a 330-amino acid protein that is almost universally expressed in human tissues including heart, skeletal muscle, spleen, kidney, liver, small intestine, placenta, and leukocytes, but not in brain, colon (without mucosa), thymus, or lung. TGR5 is sensitive to bile acids and responds through a significant mechanism that coordinates energy homeostasis. Bile acids activate mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase pathways, specifically induce TGR5 internalization, promote an increase of guanosine 5'-O-3-thio-triphosphate binding in membrane fractions, and cause rapid intracellular cAMP production. Bile acids also provoke TGR5 to suppress macrophage functions. TGR5-controlled signaling pathways may be good candidates for drug targets to treat common metabolic diseases, such as obesity, type II diabetes, hyperlipidemia, and atherosclerosis.		

**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human duodenum); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (GPBAR1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-8874R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human tonsil); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (GPBAR1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-8874R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

**— SELECTED CITATIONS —**

- **[IF=3.7]** Zhongyi Zhang. et al. Qinlian Hongqu Decoction Modulates FXR/TGR5/GLP-1 Pathway to Improve Insulin Resistance in NAFLD Mice: Bioinformatics and Experimental Study. ACS OMEGA. 2024;9(45):45447–45466 IF, WB ;Mouse. 39554433

Important Note: This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.