bs-5040R

[Primary Antibody]

BAAT Rabbit pAb



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– DATASHEET ––––––		400-901-9800	
Host: Rabbit	lsotype: lgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)	
Clonality: Polyclonal		ELISA (1:5000-10000)	
GenelD: 570	SWISS: Q14032	Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,	
Target: BAAT		Rat, Rabbit, Horse)	
Immunogen: KLH conjugated syn 101-200/418.	thetic peptide derived from human BAA		
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		Predicted MW.: ^{46 kDa}	
Concentration: 1mg/ml		Subcellular	
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm	
Background: BAAT (bile acid Coenzyme A: amino acid N-acyltransferase) is involved in bile acid metabolism. In liver hepatocytes BAAT catalyzes the transfer of the bile acid moiety from the acyl-CoA thioester to glycine and taurine, before excretion into bile canaliculi. This is the second step in the formation of bile acid- amino acid conjugates. The conjugation increases the detergent properties of bile acids in the intestine, which facilitates lipid and fat-soluble vitamin absorption. BAAT may also act as an acyl-CoA thioesterase that regulates intracellular levels of free fatty acids.		CoA cid- rgent id and yl-CoA	