
APY29

产品编号: D50834

CAS: 1216665-49-4

分子式: C₁₇H₁₆N₈

纯度: ≥98%

InChi: InChi=1S/C₁₇H₁₆N₈/c1-2-10(1)13-8-16(25-24-13)22-15-5-6-18-17(23-15)21-11-3-4-12-14(7-11)
20-9-19-12/h3-10H,1-2H2,(H,19,20)(H3,18,21,22,23,24,25)

InChi Key: WJNBSTLIALIIEW-UHFFFAOYSA-N

Smiles: C1CC1C1=CC(NC2C=CN=C(NC3=CC4NC=NC=4C=C3)N=2)=NN1

外观: 固体粉末

作用通路: IRE1

溶解性: DMSO up to 100 mM

保存条件: Store in dry, dark place for one year.

产品介绍: APY29 is a highly potent and selective small molecule modulator of IRE1 α . Under endoplasmic reticulum stress, unfolded protein accumulation leads to activation of the endoplasmic reticulum transmembrane kinase/endoRNase (RNase) IRE1 α . IRE1 α oligomerizes, autophosphorylates and initiates splicing of XBP1 mRNA, thus triggering the unfolded protein response (UPR). Interestingly, APY29 occupies IRE1 α 's kinase ATP-binding site to activate RNase-mediated XBP1 mRNA splicing even without upstream endoplasmic reticulum stress. It dose-dependently reduces IRE1 α kinase autophosphorylation in vitro with IC₅₀ ~0.28 μ M. As dysregulation of the UPR has been implicated in a variety of cell degenerative and neoplastic disorders, small molecule modulators of IRE1 α , such as APY29, serve as useful tools to understand the UPR's role in pathophysiology and to develop drugs for endoplasmic reticulum stress-related diseases.