bs-11484R

[Primary Antibody]

SLK Rabbit pAb



www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

– DATASHEET –––––		400-901-9800
Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000) IHC-P (1:100-500)
Clonality: Polyclonal GenelD: 9748		IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500)
Target: SLK		ICC/IF (1:100-500) ELISA (1:5000-10000)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLK: 885-931/1235.		Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		Rat, Rabbit, Sheep, Dog, Horse)
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Predicted MW.: ¹⁴³ kDa Subcellular Location: ^{Cytoplasm}
Background: SLK is a member of the serine/threonine kinase subfamily, Ste20. This subfamily is comprised of several mammalian kinases which exhibit sequence similarity to the Saccharomyces cerevisiae serine/threonine kinase Ste20, a protein involved in relaying signals from G protein-coupled receptors to cytosolic MAP kinase cascades. Members of this subfamily include KHS, GLK, YSK1, HPK1, Krs-1, Krs-2, GC kinase, HGK and SLK. SLK is a ubiquitously expressed protein that localizes to the cytoplasm and contains an N-terminal protein kinase domain, a central coiled-coil domain and a C-terminal ATH domain. SLK is activated through cleavage by caspase-3. SLK indirectly associates with microtubules and plays an important role in cellular stress, cell motility, cell death and cytoskeletal dynamics.		ezu. hich nase usly is an in age