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## Sumo2+3 Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-7338R Target Protein: Sumo2+3

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: Flow-Cyt (3ug/test)

Reactivity: Human (predicted: Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Cow, Zebrafish, Chicken, Horse)

Predicted MW: 10.9+10.5 kDa

Subcellular Cytoplasm, Nucleus

Locations:

Entrez Gene: 6612 Swiss Prot: P55854

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Sumo2+Sumo3: 21-95/95.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

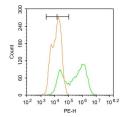
Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: The small ubiquitin-related modifier (SUMO) proteins, which include SUMO-1, SUMO-2 and

SUMO-3, belong to the ubiquitin-like protein family. Like ubiquitin, the SUMO proteins are synthesized as precursor proteins that undergo processing before conjugation to target proteins. Also, both utilize the E1, E2, and E3 cascade enzymes for conjugation. However, SUMO and ubiquitin differ with respect to targeting. Ubiquitination predominantly targets proteins for degradation, whereas sumoylation targets proteins to a variety of cellular processing, including nuclear transport, transcriptional regulation, apoptosis and protein stability. The unconjugated SUMO-1, SUMO-2 and SUMO-3 proteins localize to the nuclear membrane, nuclear bodies and cytoplasm, respectively. SUMO-1 utilizes Ubc9 for conjugation to several target proteins, which include IkBa, MDM2, p53, PML and Ran GAP1. SUMO-2 and SUMO-3 contribute to a greater percentage of protein modification than does SUMO-1, and unlike SUMO-1, they can form polymeric chains. In addition, SUMO-3 regulates b-Amyloid generation and may be critical in the onset or progression of Alzheimer's

disease

## **VALIDATION IMAGES**



Blank control:A549. Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-SUMO3 antibody (bs-7338R) Dilution:  $1\mu g$  /10^6 cells; Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG . Secondary Antibody : Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE Dilution:  $3\mu g$  /test. Protocol The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at-20°C. The cells were then incubated in 5% BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at at room temperature . Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.