### bs-2745R

## [ Primary Antibody ]

# ACACA Rabbit pAb

# Bioss

www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) IF (1:100-500) ICC/IF (1:100)

Reactivity: Human, Mouse (predicted: Rat, Cow, Monkey)

Predicted MW.:<sup>265 kDa</sup>

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm

Host: Rabbit

- DATASHEET -

Clonality: Polyclonal

GenelD: 32

SWISS: Q13085

Isotype: IgG

Target: ACACA

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Acetyl Coenzyme A Carboxylase 1/2: 2307-2355/2458.

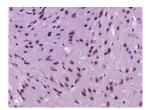
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

### Concentration: 1mg/ml

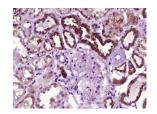
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

**Background:** Acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) is a complex multifunctional enzyme system. ACC is a biotin-containing enzyme which catalyzes the carboxylation of acetyl-CoA to malonyl-CoA, the rate-limiting step in fatty acid synthesis. There are two ACC forms, alpha and beta, encoded by two different genes. ACC-alpha is highly enriched in lipogenic tissues. The enzyme is under long term control at the transcriptional and translational levels and under short term regulation by the phosphorylation/dephosphorylation of targeted serine residues and by allosteric transformation by citrate or palmitoyl-CoA. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants divergent in the 5' sequence and encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

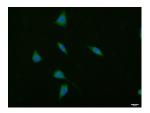
#### - VALIDATION IMAGES



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse brain tissue); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (ACACB) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-2745R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human kidney tissue); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (ACACB) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-2745R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.



NIH/3T3 cell; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Triton X-100 at room temperature for 20 min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Antibody incubation with (ACACA) polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-2745R) 1:100, 90 minutes at 37°C; followed by a conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG antibody at 37°C for 90 minutes, DAPI (blue, C02-04002) was used to stain the cell nuclei.

## - SELECTED CITATIONS -

- [IF=9.423] Wen-Long Sun. et al. Myricetin supplementation decreases hepatic lipid synthesis and inflammation by modulating gut microbiota. Cell Rep. 2021 Aug;36:109641 WB ;Rat. 34469716
- [IF=7.425] Kaiyang Chen. et al. Oligosaccharide and short-chain fatty acid: A double-edged sword in obese mice by regulating food intake and fat synthesis. FOOD RES INT. 2022 Sep;159:111619 WB ;MOUSE. 35940810

- [IF=4.784] Pan Y et al. Regulatory effect of Grifola frondosa extract rich in polysaccharides and organic acids on glycolipid metabolism and gut microbiota in rats. Int J Biol Macromol. 2019 Nov 8. pii: S0141-8130(19)37563-4. WB ;Rat. 31712147
- [IF=3.234] Dong S et al. Dihydromyricetin alleviates acetaminophen-induced liver injury via the regulation of transformation, lipid homeostasis, cell death and regeneration. Life Sci. 2019 Jun 15;227:20-29. WB ;MOUSE. 30974116
- [IF=3] Jia-Min Zhao. et al. Guanidinoacetic Acid Attenuates Adipogenesis through Regulation of miR-133a in Sheep. ANIMALS. 2023 Jan;13(19):3108 WB ;Sheep. 37835715